

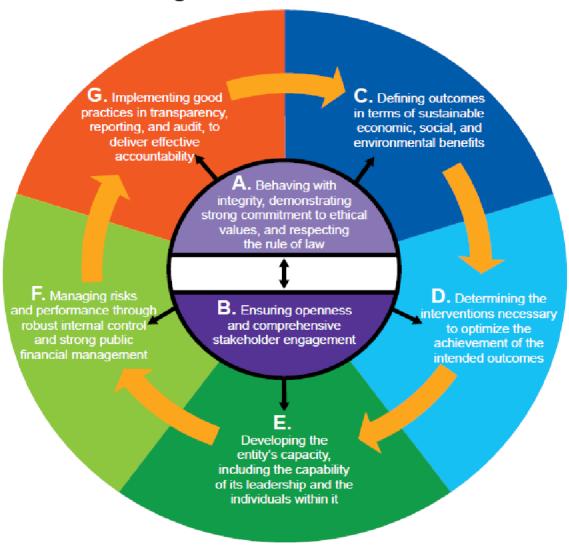
Cotswold District Council

Local Code of Corporate Governance Reviewed September 2023

1. Delivering Good Governance

- 1.1 The Delivering Good Governance in Local Government; Framework, published by CIPFA in association with SOLACE, sets the standard for local authority governance in the UK. The concept underpinning the framework is to support local government in taking responsibility for developing and shaping an informed approach to governance, aimed at achieving the highest standards in a measured and proportionate way. The purpose of the Framework is to assist authorities individually in reviewing and accounting for their own unique approach, with the overall aim to ensure that:
 - Resources are directed in accordance with agreed policy and according to priorities
 - There is sound and inclusive decision making
 - There is clear accountability for the use of those resources in order to achieve desired outcomes for service users and communities
- **1.2** Governance is a term used to describe the arrangements (including political, economic, social, environmental, administrative, legal and other arrangements) put in place to ensure that the intended outcomes for stakeholders are defined and achieved.
- **1.3** Good governance enables the Council to effectively achieve its intended outcomes, whilst acting in the public interest at all times.
- 1.4 The Delivering Good Governance in Local Government Framework, sets out seven core principles of governance as detailed in the diagram below. Cotswold District Council is committed to these principles of good governance and confirms this through the adoption, monitoring and development of the document The Council's Local Code of Corporate Governance.
- 1.5 Our Local Code is underpinned by the Delivering Good Governance in Local Government; Framework and comprises policies, procedures, behaviours, and values by which the Council is controlled and governed. These key governance areas and how the Council provides assurance that is complying with these are set out in more detail within its Governance Assurance Framework.
- 1.6 The Council recognises that establishing and maintaining a culture of good governance is as important as putting in place a framework of policies and procedures. The Council expects members and officers to uphold the highest standards of conduct and behaviour and to act with openness, integrity and accountability in carrying out their duties.
- **1.7** The term 'Council' in this document, will also include its companies/partners that deliver services on behalf of the Council.

Achieving the Intended Outcomes While Acting in the Public Interest at all Times



- **1.8** This diagram illustrates how the various principles for good governance in the public sector relate to each other. Principle A and B permeate the implementation of Principles C to G.
- **1.9** Further information regarding each of the above principles and the behaviours and actions that demonstrate good governance in practice are detailed at Appendix A.

2. Status

2.1 Regulation 6(1)(a) of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 requires an authority to conduct a review at least once in a year of the effectiveness of its systems of internal control and include a statement reporting on the review with any published Statement of Accounts.

This is known as an Annual Governance Statement.

2.2 The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 stipulate that the Annual Governance Statement must be prepared in accordance with proper practices in relation to accounts. Therefore a local authority in England shall provide this statement in accordance with Delivering Good Governance in Local Government; Framework (2016) and this section of the Code.

3. Monitoring and Review

- 3.1 The Council will monitor its governance arrangements for their effectiveness in practice and will report them on a continuing basis to ensure that they are up to date. The Council's Governance Assurance Framework sets out in more detail how the Council will seek assurance on its adherence to the adopted principles of governance.
- 3.2 On an annual basis, the Chief Executive and Leader of the Council will publish an Annual Governance Statement which will:
 - Assess how the Council has complied with this Code of Corporate Governance
 - Provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's arrangements
 - Provide details of how continual improvement in the systems of governance will be achieved.
- **3.3** The Audit Committee considers the Annual Governance Statement before it is published as part of the Council's financial statements.

4. Certification

4.1 We hereby certify our commitment to this Code of Corporate Governance and will ensure that the Council continues to review, evaluate and develop the Council's Governance arrangements to ensure continuous improvement of the Council's systems.

Joe Harris	Robert Weaver	
Leader of the Council	Chief Executive	
Date:	Date [.]	

Principles	Sub-Principles	Behaviour and actions that demonstrate good governance in practice:
Acting in the public interest that requires a commitment to and effective arrangements for:		
A. Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values and respecting the rule of the law Local government organisations are accountable not only for how much they spend, but also for how they use the resources under their stewardship. This includes accountability for outputs, both positive and negative, and for the outcomes they have achieved. In addition, they have an overarching responsibility to serve the public interest in adhering to the requirements of legislation and government policies. It is essential that, as a whole, they can demonstrate the appropriateness of all their actions across all activities and have mechanisms in place to encourage and enforce adherence to ethical values and respect the rule of the law.	Demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values Respecting the rule of the law	 Ensuring members and officers behave with integrity and lead a culture where acting in the public interest is visibly and consistently demonstrated thereby protecting the reputation of the organisation Ensuring members take the lead in establishing specific standard operating principles or values for the organisation and its staff that they are communicated and understood. These should build on the Seven Principles of Public Life (the Nolan Principles) Leading by example and using the above standard operating principles or values as a framework for decision making and other actions Demonstrating, communicating and embedding the standard operating principles or values through appropriate policies and processes which are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure that they are operating effectively Seeking to establish, monitor and maintain the organisation's ethical standards and performance Underpinning personal behaviour with ethical values and ensuring they permeate all aspects of the organisation's culture and operation Developing and maintaining robust policies and procedures which place emphasis on agreed ethical values Ensuring that external providers of services on behalf of the organisation are required to act with integrity and in compliance with ethical standards expected by the organisation Ensuring members and staff demonstrate a strong commitment to the rule of the law as well as adhering to relevant laws and regulatory officers, other key post holders, and members, are able to fulfil their responsibilities in accordance with legislative and regulatory requirements Striving to optimize the use of the full powers available for the benefit of citizens, communities and other stakeholders Dealing with breaches of legal and regulatory provisions effectively Ensuring rorruption and misuse of power are dealt with effectively

Principles	Sub-Principles	Behaviour and actions that demonstrate good governance in practice:
Acting in the public interest that require	es a commitment to and effective arranger	ments for:
B. Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement Local government is run for the public good, organisations therefore should ensure openness in their activities. Clear, trusted channels of communication and consultation should be used to engage effectively with all groups of stakeholders, such as individual citizens, and service users, as well as institutional stakeholders. NB: Institutional stakeholders are the other organisations that local government needs to work with to improve services and outcomes (such as commercial partners and suppliers as well as other public or third sector organisations) or organisations to which they are accountable.	Engaging comprehensively with institutional stakeholders Engaging with individual citizens and service users effectively	Where possible: Ensuring an open culture through demonstrating, documenting and communicating the organisation's commitment to openness Making decisions that are open about actions, plans, resource use, forecasts, output and outcomes. The presumption is for openness. If that is not the case, a justification for the reasoning for keeping a decision confidential should be provided. Providing clear reasoning and evidence for decisions in both public records an explanations to stakeholders and being explicit about the criteria, rationale and considerations used. In due course, ensuring that the impact and consequences of those decisions are clear Using formal and informal consultation and engagement to determine the most appropriate and effective interventions / courses of action Where possible: Effectively engaging with institutional stakeholders to ensure that the purpose, objective and intended outcome for each stakeholder relationship are clear so that outcomes an achieved successfully and sustainably Developing formal and informal partnerships to allow for resources to be used more efficiently and outcomes achieved more effectively * Ensuring that partnerships are based on trust * A shared commitment to change * A culture that promotes and accepts challenge among partners and that the adder value of partnership working is explicit Establishing a clear policy on the type of issues that the organisation will meaningfull consult with or involve communities, individuals, service users and other stakeholders to ensure that service (or other) provision is contributing towards the achievement of intended outcomes Ensuring that communication methods are effective and that members and officers are effect
		 Ensuring that communication methods are effective and that members and officers and clear about their roles with regard to community engagement Encouraging, collecting and evaluating the views and experiences of communities individuals, service users and organisations of different backgrounds including reference to future needs
		 Implementing effective feedback mechanisms in order to demonstrate how views have been taken into account Balancing feedback from more active stakeholder groups with other stakeholder group to ensure inclusivity Taking account of the impact of decisions on future generations of tax payers and service users

Principles	Sub-Principles	Behaviour and actions that demonstrate good governance in practice:
Acting in the public interest that require	es a commitment to and effective arranger	ments for:
C. Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable, economic, social and environmental benefits The long-term nature and impact of many of local government's responsibilities mean that it should define and plan outcomes and that these should be outcomes and that these should be outcomes, and outcomes, contribute to outended benefits and outcomes, and emain within the limits of authority and esources. Input from all groups of outstakeholders, including citizens, service itsers and institutional stakeholders, is itself to the success of this process and in calancing competing demands when letermining priorities for the finite esources available.	Sustainable, economic, social and environmental benefits	 Having a clear vision, which is an agreed formal statement of the organisation's purpose and intended outcomes containing appropriate performance indicators, which provide the basis for the organisation's overall strategy, planning or other decisions Specifying the intended impact on, or changes for, stakeholders including citizens and service users. It could be immediately or over the course of a year or longer Delivering defined outcomes on a sustainable basis within the resources that will be available Identifying and managing risks to the achievement of outcomes Managing service users' expectations effectively with regard to determining priorities and make the best use of resources available Considering and balancing the combined economic, social and environmental impact of policies and plans when taking decisions about service provision Taking a longer-term view with regard to decision making, taking account of risk and acting transparently where there are potential conflicts between the organisation's intended outcomes and short-term factors such as the political cycle or financial constraints Determining the wider public interest associated with balancing conflicting interests between achieving the various economic, social and environmental benefits, through consultation where possible, in order to ensure appropriate trade-offs Ensuring fair access to services

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Acting in the public interest that require	es a commitment to and effective arran	gements for:
D. Determining the interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of the intended outcomes	Determining interventions	 Ensuring decision makers receive objective and rigorous analysis of a variety of options indicating how intended outcomes would be achieved and associated risks. Therefore ensuring best value is achieved however services are provided Considering feedback from individuals and service users when making decisions about service improvements or where services are no longer required in order to prioritise competing demands within limited resources available including people, skills, land and assets and bearing in mind future impacts
(courses of action). Determining the right mix of these courses of action is a critically important strategic choice that local government has to make to ensure intended outcomes are achieved. They need to ensure that their defined outcomes can be achieved in a way that provides the best trade-off between the various types of resource inputs while still enabling effective and efficient operations. Decisions made need to be reviewed frequently to ensure that achievement of outcomes is optimised.	Planning Interventions	 Establishing and implementing robust planning and control cycles that cover strategic and operational plans, priorities and targets Engaging with internal and external stakeholders in determining how services and other courses of action should be planned and delivered Considering and monitoring risks facing each partner when working collaboratively, including shared risks Ensuring arrangements are flexible and agile so that the mechanisms for delivering goods and services can be adapted to changing circumstances Establishing appropriate key performance indicators (KPIs) as part of the planning process in order to identify how the performance of services and projects is to be measured Ensuring capacity exists to generate the information required to review service quality regularly Preparing budgets in accordance with objectives, strategies and the medium term financial strategy Informing medium and long term resource planning by drawing up realistic estimates of revenue and capital expenditure aimed at developing a sustainable funding strategy
	Optimising achievement of intended outcomes	 Ensuring the medium term financial strategy integrates and balances service priorities, affordability and other resource constraints Ensuring the budgeting process in all-inclusive, taking into account the full cost of operations over the medium and long term Ensuring the medium term financial strategy sets the context for ongoing decisions on significant delivery issues or responses to changes in the external environment that may arise during the budgetary period in order for outcomes to be achieved while optimising resource usage

Principles	Sub-Principles	Behaviour and actions that demonstrate good governance in practice:
Acting in the public interest that require	es a commitment to and effective arranger	nents for:
E. Developing the Council's capacity, including the capability of its leadership and the individuals within it Local government needs appropriate structures and leadership, as well as people with the right skills, appropriate efficiently and effectively and achieve intended outcomes within the specified periods. A local government organisation must ensure that it has both the capacity to fulfil its own mandate and to make certain that there are policies in place to guarantee that its management has the operational capacity for the organisation as a whole. Because both individuals and the environment in which an organisation operates will change over time, there will be a continuous need to develop its capacity as well as the skills and experience of individual staff members. Leadership in local government is strengthened by the participation of people with many different types of backgrounds, reflecting the structure and diversity of communities.	Developing the capability of the entity's leadership and other individuals	 Reviewing operations, performance and use of assets on a regular basis to ensure the continuing effectiveness Improving resource use through appropriate application of techniques such a benchmarking and other options in order to determine how resources are allocated so that defined outcomes are achieved effectively and efficiently Recognising the benefits of partnerships and collaborative working where added valuation be achieved Developing protocols to ensure that elected and appointed leaders negotiate with each other regarding their respective roles early on in the relationship and that a share understanding of roles and objectives is maintained Publishing a statement that specifies the types of decisions that are delegated and thos reserved for the collective decision making of the governing body Ensuring the leader and senior management have clearly defined and distinctive leadership roles within a structure whereby the senior management team lead in implementing strategy and managing the delivery of services and other outputs set be members and each provides a check and a balance for each other's authority Developing the capabilities of members and senior management to achieve effective leadership and to enable the organisation to respond successfully to changing legal an policy demands as well as economic, political and environmental changes and risks by ensuring members and staff have access to appropriate induction tailored to their role and that ongoing training and development matching individual and organisations are quirements is available and encouraged Ensuring members and officers have the appropriate skills, knowledge, resource and support to fulfil their roles and responsibilities and ensuring that they are able to update their knowledge on a continuing basis Ensuring personal, organisational and system-wide development through share learning, including lessons learnt from gover

Principles	Sub-Principles	Behaviour and actions that demonstrate good governance in practice:
Acting in the public interest that require	es a commitment to and effective arranger	ments for:
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F. Managing risks and performance through	Managing risk	Recognising that risk management is an integral part of all activities and must be considered in all aspects of decision making
robust internal control and strong public financial		 Implementing robust and integrated risk management arrangements and ensuring that they are working effectively
- -		Ensuring that responsibilities for managing individual risks are clearly allocated
management	Managing performance	 Monitoring service delivery effectively including planning, specification, execution and independent post implementation review
Local government needs to ensure that the organisations and governance structures that it oversees have		 Making decisions based on relevant, clear objective analysis and advice pointing out the implications and risks inherent in the organisation's financial, social and environmental position and outlook
implemented, and can sustain, an effective performance management system that facilitates effective and efficient delivery of planned services. Risk management and internal control are		 Ensuring an effective scrutiny or/and oversight function (independent of the executive) is in place which provides constructive challenge and debate on policies and objectives before, during and after decisions are made thereby enhancing the organisation's performance and that of any organisation for which it is responsible
important integral parts of a performance management system and are crucial to		 Providing members and senior management with regular reports on service delivery plans and on progress towards outcome achievement
the achievement of outcomes. Risk should be considered and addressed as part of all decision making activities. A strong system of financial management		 Ensuring there is consistency between specification stages (such as budgets) and posimplementation reporting (e.g. financial statements)
	Robust internal control	 Aligning the risk management strategy and policies on internal control with achieving objectives
is essential for the achievement of policies and the achievement of intended		Evaluating and monitoring risk management and internal control on a regular basis
outcomes, as it will enforce financial		Ensuring effective counter fraud and anti-corruption arrangements are in place
discipline, strategic allocation of resources, efficient service delivery and accountability. It is also essential that a culture and structure for scrutiny are in place as a key part of accountable decision making, policy making and review. A positive working culture that accepts, promotes and encourages constructive challenge is critical to successful scrutiny and successful service delivery. Importantly, this culture does not happen automatically, it requires repeated public commitment from those in authority.		 Ensuring additional assurance on the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the framework of governance, risk management and control is provided by the internal auditor
		 Ensuring an audit committee which is independent of the executive and accountable to the council: provides a further source of effective assurance regarding arrangements for managing risk and maintaining an effective contro environment That its recommendations are listened to and acted upon
	Managing data	Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for the safe collection, storage, use and sharing of data, including processes to safeguard personal data
		 Ensuring effective arrangements are in place and operating effectively when sharing data with other bodies
		 Reviewing and auditing regularly the quality and accuracy of data used in decision making and performance monitoring
	Strong public financial management	Ensuring financial management supports both long term achievement of outcomes and short-term financial and operational performance
		 Ensuring well-developed financial management is integrated at all levels of planning and control, including management of financial risks and control

Appendix A

Principles	Sub-Principles	Behaviour and actions that demonstrate good governance in practice:
Acting in the public interest that requires a commitment to and effective arrangements for:		
G. Implementing good practices in transparency, reporting, and audit to deliver effective accountability	Implementing good practice in transparency	 Writing and communicating reports for the public and other stakeholders in a fair, balanced and understandable style appropriate to the intended audience and ensuring they are easy to access and interrogate Striking a balance between providing the right amount of information to satisfy transparency demands and enhance public scrutiny while not being too onerous to provide and for users to understand
Accountability is about ensuring that those making decisions and delivering services are answerable for them. Effective accountability is concerned not only with reporting on actions completed, but also ensuring that stakeholders are able to understand and respond as the organisation plans and carries out its activities in a transparent manner. Both external and internal audit contribute to effective accountability.	Implementing good practices in reporting	 Reporting at least annually on performance, value for money and stewardship of resources to stakeholders in a timely and understandable way Ensuring members and senior management own the results reports Ensuring robust arrangements for assessing the extent to which the principles contained in this Framework have been applied and publishing the results on this assessment, including an action plan for improvement and evidence to demonstrate good governance (the annual governance statement) Ensuring this Framework is applied to jointly managed or shared service organisations Ensuring the performance information that accompanies the financial statements is prepared on a consistent and timely basis and the statements allow for comparison with other, similar organisations
	Assurance and effective accountability	 Ensuring that all recommendations for corrective actions made by external audit are acted upon Ensuring an effective internal audit service with direct access to members is in place, providing assurance with regard to governance arrangements and that recommendations are acted upon Welcoming peer challenge, reviews and inspections from regulatory bodies and implementing recommendations Gaining assurance on risks associated with delivering services through third parties and that this is evidenced in the annual governance statement Ensuring when working in partnership, arrangements for accountability are clear and the need for wider public accountability has been recognised and met

Annual Governance Statement

Council

Leader and Chief Executive sign AGS on behalf of the Council

Audit and Governance Committee

Cabinet

Overview and Scrutiny Committee

Planning and Licensing Committee

Risk Management

External Audit Internal Audit

Counter Fraud Unit

Legal Services

Managan

Management Annual Assurance Statements

Management Arrangements

Internal

Other external assurance
e.g. RIPA Inspection
Ombudsman

Performance reports, risk management and external assurance